CHM-T530P4 CHM-T560P4

PICK AND PLACE MACHINE USER MANUAL







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1. SAFETY MATTERS

- (1) Stay away from dust and wet.
- (2) Stay away from inflammables and explosives.
- (3) Put machine on a stable platform, if not stable will lose of accuracy.
- (4) Keep it away from child.
- (5) Don't dismounting machine randomly, it will lose of accuracy or broke the machine.
- (6) Make sure power supply and air supply is standard and in good condition.
- (7) Make sure power supply connect earth well.
- (8) Don't touch machine during working.
- (9) Power cord only use for this machine.
- (10) Please read manual carefully before using.



2. MAIN PARAMETERS

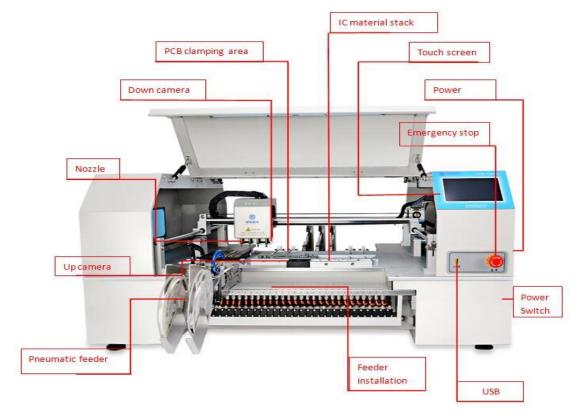
Dimensions	1180mm(L)×870mm(W)×640mm(H)						
Weight	140kg						
Power Supply	AC220V (50Hz, single phase) / AC110V (60Hz, single phase); 400W						
Air Supply	0.5MPa						
Vacuum Generation	Built-in vacuum pump						
Mounting Head Quantity	4						
Mounting Speed	8000cph (optimal without vision detection); 5500cph (optimal with vision detection)						
Control Accuracy	0.015mm						
Component Type	0402/0603~5050/SOT/SOP/QFP/QFN/BGA, etc. (resistor/capacitor/diode/triode/LED/IC, etc.)						
PCB Thickness	0.6mm~3.5mm						
PCB Size	10mm(L)×10mm(W)~400mm(L)×290mm(W)						
PCB Conveying	Manual operation						
Nozzle Change	Manual operation						
Control System	Built-in computer (embedded Linux operating system), 7-inch touch screen						
Drive System	X&Y-axis driven by stepping motors in the way of closed-loop control; Z-axis capable of reset detection; all motors adopting flexible S-curve acceleration and deceleration						
Transmission System	Synchronous belt + linear guide						
Feeding System	60 Yamaha standard pneumatic/electric feeder stacks (also suitable for IC tray and stick feeder), 11 preset general IC stacks, worksurface custom IC trays supported						
Vision System	Up-looking camara for component automatic calibration (component size applicable: 22mm×22mm); down-looking camera for PCB automatic calibration via Mark Point and component positioning						





3. MACHINE INTRODUCTION

CHM-T560P4 machine structure as below:





- (1) **Nozzles**: 4pcs,Far left NO.1 nozzle &Far right NO.4 nozzle.
- (2) **Down-looking camera**: help positioning and for mark point calibration.
- (3) PCB clamping area
- (4) IC material stack: put some loose-packed ICs
- (5) Full Touch screen
- (6) **Power:** Mains supply, fuse inside it
- (7) Emergency button: press it will emergency stop, switch to right it will pop out and

back to normal working

- (8) **Power switch:** turn ON/OFF machine
- (9) USB: connect external USB flash
- (10) **Up-looking camera:** use for component positioning and angle calibration
- (11) Feeder installation area
- (12) Pneumatic Feeder: standard Yamaha feeder 8mm,12mm,16mm,24mm.



4. START

Power on, machine self-check and operation system start, below is home page. You can normal use it now.

	() 第	衡机电
Automatic C	hip Mounter	
2021-05-12	2 09:50:42	
Run	Logs	
Diagnostics	System Logs	
Set	Files	
СНМТ	-V2.5	Ø
PIC	4-1	

- (1) Alarm: on the left-side up triangle corner, used to check alarm detail and history.
- (2) **Run:** Used to manage and run the working file.
- (3) **Test:** Used to test the machine's functions
- (4) **Set:** For machine settings
- (5) Statistic: Used to view statistics
- (6) **System log:** For the record information
- (7) **Files:** used to manage files and generating work

5. RUN

<u> </u>	Select Wo	rk File		G
No.	File name	Size	Date	*
1	PP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.dpv	x 8820	2021-05-11 16:19:07	
2	SJ1212(贴板文件48VB).dpv	3813	2021-05-11 16:07:53	\odot
3	SJ1212.dpv	7305	2021-05-11 16:00:04	
				
-	🛱 New 🕅	Delete	📝 Edit 📄 Load	
	PIC	5-1		

Home page --- Run, then you will see below image:

- (1) Work file: current working file
- (2) New: create a new working file by yourself
- (3) **Delete:** delete work file
- (4) Edit: Edit the selected working file
- (5) Load: loading the selected working file and go to start running
- (6) **Back:** on the right-side up corner of the screen, used to back to last page.

5.1. EDIT WORK FILE

Below image is edit work file:



	Work File EditPP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.dpv								
Head list	MStack Co	nponent	IC tray	Batch	PCB calibr	ate			~
Head ID	Nozzle typ	e l							
1	502								>
2	502								
3	502								
4	502								
4								•	
			E E	dit		R	8	Save	
				105.0					

PIC5-2

5.1.1.

.....

Work File EditPP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.dpv										G
Head I	ist M	Stack	Comp	onent	IC tra	y Bat	ch PC	B calibrate		*
:om. IE	Head	MStack	×	Y	Angle	Height	Speed	Designator	Comments 📤	
1	1	1	122	32.89	-90.00	0.50	0	Q1A	MMBT3906L	0
2	1	1	81.66	32.89	-90.00	0.50	0	Q1B	MMBT3906L	
3	1	1	41.02	32.89	-90.00	0.50	0	Q1C	MMBT3906L	
4	1	2	36.06	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	U6C	SN74LVC1G	
5	1	2	76.70	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	U6B	SN74LVC1G	
6	1	2	117	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	U6A	SN74LVC1G	
7	1	3	41.40	37.08	90.00	0.50	0	R10C	5.1k 0805	
8	1	3	82.04	37.08	90.00	0.50	0	R10B	5.1k 0805	
4 4	1	5	177	37 08	90.00	0.50	n	R104	5 11/ 0805	۲
🛱 Ad	dd 🕑	Inse	ert 💦	Delete		Edit	Optim	iize	💾 Save	

5.1.2. Component Edit

As above picture:



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- (1) **Component list**
- (2) Add : add a new component on the end of the sheet
- (3) **Insert:** insert a new component before current component.
- (4) **Delete:** delete a component
- (5) Edit: edit the selected component
- (6) **Save:** after amend the component list you need to save, if not save in time, the save button will twinkle, then press the button and save, the twinkle end.

5.1.2.1. Edit Component

Below imag	le:			
C	omponen	t EditPP-SX72	23X-3CH-RCO.dpv	6
No:0				
Comp. ID	1	Head	1	502
MStack	1	Mount Delay	0.00	🔶 Coord. set
Speed	0	Coord. X	122.30	
Height	0.50	Coord. Y	32.89	
Angle	-90.00		🗶 Skip comp.	🛱 Add
Designator	Q1A		🗸 No throwing inspection	
Comments	MMBT3906L	R	Vuse vision	



- (1) **Component number:** on the left-side up corner (start from No.0). Press it you can select the component number.
- (2) Comp. ID: unique number, it won't have 2 same comp. ID in one work file.
 M Stack: stack 1-30 is for feeder, stack 61-80 is for user-defined IC, stack 81-100 is for IC tray.
- (3) Speed: 0 is for machine's general max speed. (for mounting IC, you can lower down the speed a little such as 60-80, it will be more accuracy. Note: machine speed better not under 50)
- (4) Height: it is used for component height setting. The value is small for height means the nozzle is more go down. (Note: machine general height is 0.5mm,

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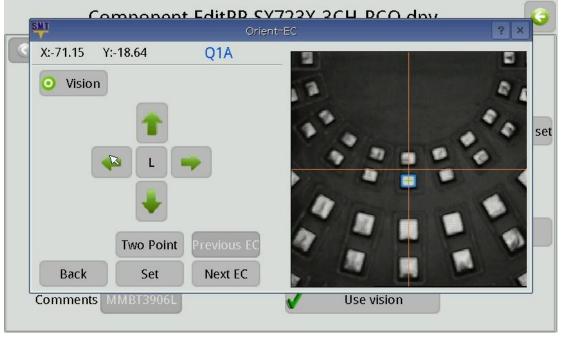
the general PCB thickness is 1.6mm, you can adjust the height according to the thickness of your PCB)

- (5) **Angle:** for rotate angle of component.
- (6) **Designator:** component identification information, such as R1, R2, C1, U1 etc.
- (7) Comments: component information, such as 0402, 0805 etc.
- (8) M Head: nozzle for this component
- (9) **Coordinate X:** usually work file generated from software no need to change the setting.
- (10) Coordinate Y: usually work file generated from software no need to change the setting.
- (11) Skip comp: Means not place this component
- (12) Vacuum detect: Means forbid throwing materials due to lack of vacuum.
 (Note: if no component, this function also valid, for some flat surface component, we suggest enable this function (such as cylindrical led component 4148, it can prevent misunderstand throwing materials)
- (13) **Enable vision:** Means open vision positioning, if turn off, the speed will increase but accuracy will be lower.
- (14) Coord. Set: used for component coordinate by nozzle or down-looking camera.



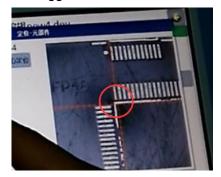


5.1.2.2. Coordinate set



PIC5-4

- (1) **Coordinate:** X and Y's coordinate is relative coordinates, means the coordinate after movement comparing with previous coordinate.
- (2) Vision: press this button exchange nozzle positioning and vision positioning, we suggest use vision positioning, nozzle position not that accurate.
- (3) **Two point:** means diagonal positioning, left-up corner and right-down corner. We suggest use this function for some big ICs, pictures as below:



Left-up corner



right-down corner

Note: use this way of positioning, don't view printing silk frame, silk printing not accurate, you need to view the bonding pad.

- (4) **Move:** "L" for low speed, "H" for high speed.
- (5) Set: press it for save position changes

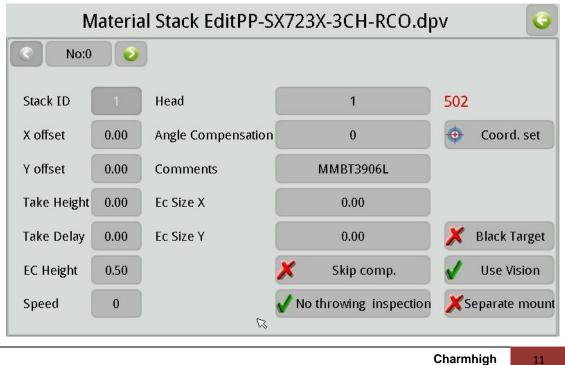


5.1.3. Material Stack Edit

Head list	MStack	Component	IC tray Batch PCB cali	brate	
Stack ID	X offset	Y offset	Comments	ount Heigł	Speed 📤
1	0.00	0.00	MMBT3906L	0.50	0
2	0.00	0.00	SN74LVC1G123DCTR	0.50	0
3	0.00	0.00	5.1k 0805	0.50	0
4	0.00	0.00	47k 0805	0.50	0
5	0.00	0.00	4.7uf 0805	0.50	0
6	0.00	0.00	510r 0805	0.50	0
7	0.00	0.00	SN74HC14N	0.50	0
8	0.00	0.00	LM2596S-ADJ	0.50	0
, Q	0.00	0.00	0r 0805	0.50	لئے ہ

$(1) \ \ \textbf{M Stack list}$

- (2) Add: add a new stack at the end of stack list;
- (3) Insert: insert a new stack
- (4) **Delete:** delete the selected stack, note: delete this stack, the components will be delete as well.
- (5) Edit: edit selected stack, image as below:



PIC5-6

- a) **Stack ID:** 1-30 for feeder, 61-80 for user defined IC, 81-100 for IC tray. If edit the stack ID, all the component will be changed as well.
- b) X/Y offset

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- c) Height: function the same as "component edit" as above.
- d) **Speed:** function the same as "component edit" as above.
- e) Comments
- f) Ec size X/Y: this setting used with vision calibrate, 0 means full screen search, otherwise it will search 2 times length of the side of the bigger component of X or

Y. According to this setting, it can prevent wrong calibration due to light source interface around the camera.

- g) **Skip comp.** function the same as "component edit" as above.
- h) Vacuum detect: function the same as "component edit" as above.
- i) **Enable vision:** function the same as "component edit" as above.
- j) **Coord. set:** used to select the pick position, image as below:

(For feeder stack, the pick position must positioning the first feeder component, must show full part of this component.)



PIC5-7

5.1.4. IC Tray Edit

IC tray stack number from 81-100, IC tray fixed on the holding area, same type of IC

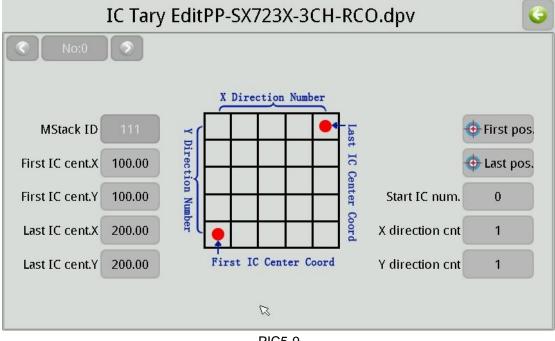


put inside the tray with array shape, machine will pick the IC from left to right, down to up. IC tray edit image as below:

Work File EditPP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.dpv									
Head list MStack Component IC tray Batch PCB calibrate	~								
tack IE irst IC center irst IC center ast IC center : ast IC center ' numbi numbi Start IC									
111 100.00 100.00 200.00 200.00 1 1 0									
	S S								
📝 Edit 💾 Save									

PIC5-8

The stack number is from 81 -100, IC tray edit image as below:





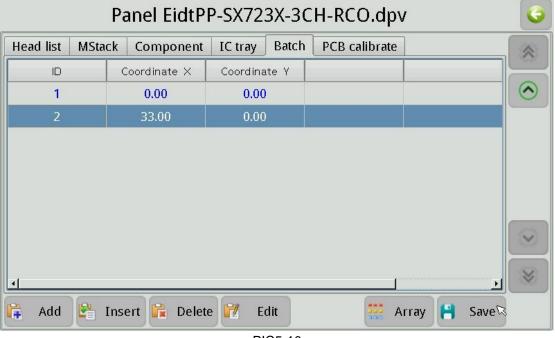
- (1) First IC center coord. X/Y: on the left-down side corner;
- (2) Last IC center coord. X/Y: on the right-up side corner;
- (3) X/Y direction number: The number of X/Y direction on IC
- (4) **Start IC number**: from number 0, IC number from left to right, up to down, when running, machine will start from your selected IC number.

Charmhigh

5.1.5. Panel Edit

Batch is very convenient for same multi PCBs, before mounting, machine need to know the position of each PCB, 2 ways of Batch: **Coord. or Array** positioning for PCB. Coord. positioning according to the origin point of each PCB, coord. way is complicated but more accurate; Array positioning need to know Line, the number of columns and spacing, then machine will calculate the origin point automatically.

5.1.5.1. Coord.(Coordinate)



Coordinate way image as below:

PIC5-10

Above picture, one line for one PCB, X and Y for origin point coordinate.

5.1.5.2. Array

Array way image as below:



Head list	MStack	Component	IC tray	Batch	PCB calibrate		
ID		X spacing	Y spac	ing	X number	Y number	
1		0.00	0.00)	2	2	
1							

"Add skip", it can skip some PCB and not mounting this PCB.

"Create single" used to all the small PCB expand to one PCB, and save into a new work file. This function means you can adjust one single component in this new PCB. New work file will show "Single" at end for the name.

5.1.6. PCB Calibrate

Due to each PCB is different, it has some offset, in order to ensure the accuracy, you need to calibrate the actual position of the PCB and component. Image as below:



		Component	MStack	Head list
Y Designator	Y	×		ID
74.42 Mark1	74.42	4.30		1
11.43 Mark2	11.43	125.22		2
7.11 Mark3	7.11	14.47		3



Two ways of PCB calibrate:

- **Component coordinate:** the left-up corner component + the right-down corner component.
- Mark point: you can use 2 random points as Mark point, then enter its theoretical coordinates, then positioning its actual position, machine can calibrate automatically. (Note: 2 mark points need to be far apart, such as one in left-up corner and another in right-down corner.)

If you use mark point calibrate automatically, you need to edit a **model** for this 2 mark points, model image as below:



Mar	Mark Point EditPP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.dpv								
No:0	>								
	💢 Custom Mark								
ID	1	Designator	Mark1						
Coordinate X	4.30	Coordinate Y	74.42						
Eigenvalue	0		Coord. set						
		R							

PIC5-13

5.2. RUN

After work file completion, now you can run this file! Image as below:

<u> </u>					Run						C
Comp. ID	No.	Head	1Stac	×	Y	Angle	leigh	Speed	Designator	ID	\$
0/110	0	1	1	122.3	32.89	-90	0.5	0	Q1A	1	
PCB ID 0/4	1	1	1	81.66	32.89	-90	0.5	0	Q1B	2	0
Comp. cnt. O	2	1	1	41.02	32.89	-90	0.5	0	Q1C	3	
	3	1	2	36.06	33.27	0	0.5	0	U6C	4	_
Pcb_cnt. 0	4	1	2	76.7	33.27	0	0.5	0	U6B	5	W
Ave.speed	5	1	2	117.34	33.27	0	0.5	0	U6A	6	
0	6	1	3	41.4	37.08	90	0.5	0	R10C	7	
Time cnt. 00:00:00	7	1	3	82.04	37.08	90	0.5	0	R10B	8	
00.00:00	8	1	3	122.68	37.08	90	0.5	0	R10A	9	
Tray Start	9	1	3	39.86	37.08	90	0.5	0	Rh1C	10	8
• 0	0			9		Step	•	R	in 🧔 S	stop	



- (1) **Comp. ID**
- (2) **PCB ID:** display current panel's quantity.
- (3) **Comp. cnt:** component count.

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- (4) **PCB cnt:** PCB count.
- (5) Ave. speed: average speed, cph.
- (6) **Time cnt:** time count.
- (7) Tray start: set the start number for IC tray
- (8) Up-looking camera: press it will show the component by up-looking

camera

- (9) **Vorking lamp**
- (10) PCB calibrate
- (11) Vacuum detect: if you turn off vacuum detect, machine will not detection of pick failure;
- (12) Head to the farthest place: press it the head will move to the farthest place away from origin point (means the home position).
- (13) Step: single step;
- (14) **Run**
- (15) Stop: end working

6. TEST

Test used to test if each function in normal condition, you can't edit in this page:

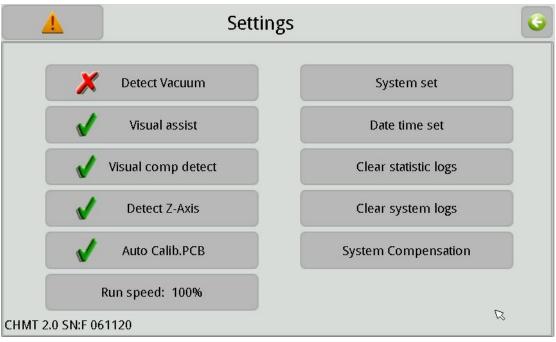
<u> </u>	Diagno	ostics	00
Head	Feeder	Material stack position	Move
Up camera light	Down camera light	work light	To Far
Nozzle 1 to up camera	Nozzle 2 to up camera	Nozzle 3 to up camera	Nozzle 4 to up camera
PCB origin	Machine origin		
			Ø

PIC6-1

- (1) M Head 1/2
- (2) Vacuum 1/2
- (3) Rotate 1/2: press it rotate 180 degree;
- (4) Blow 1/2
- (5) **Up work light**
- (6) **Down work light**
- (7) Work light
- (8) Material stack position: press it to selected pick position
- (9) **PCB origin:** head moves to PCB origin
- (10) **Move:** move the head position randomly
- (11) Feeder: test feeder's Feeding function
- (12) Nozzle 1 to up camera: move nozzle 1/2 to up-looking camera
- (13) To far: nozzle back to the farthest place of origin point
- (14) Machine origin: press it and back to origin

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7. **SET**





- (16) **Vacuum detection:** if you turn off vacuum detection, machine will not detection of pick failure, and also not throwing materials.
- (1) **Visual assist:** close it will have no vision function
- (2) **Visual lack detect:** if you turn on this function, system will pick again when it detects lack of materials. If detect many lack of material many times, machine will alarm and stop working.
- (3) Z Axis detect: if you turn on this function, if Z axis lose step when mounting, Z axis will back to origin automatically. Turn on this function will help to prevent Z axis due to incorrect setting of component height.
- (4) **Auto Calib. PCB:** if you turn on this function, machine will doing PCB calibrate automatically by down-looking camera before running.
- (5) **Run speed:** used to set the general speed of machine.
- (6) System set: setting up the system advanced parameter, need to enter code "123456", if machine work fine, then no need to amend the setting.
- (7) Date time set
- (8) Clear statistic log
- (9) Clear system log
- (10) System comp. set: used to set component entire offset and angle compensation.

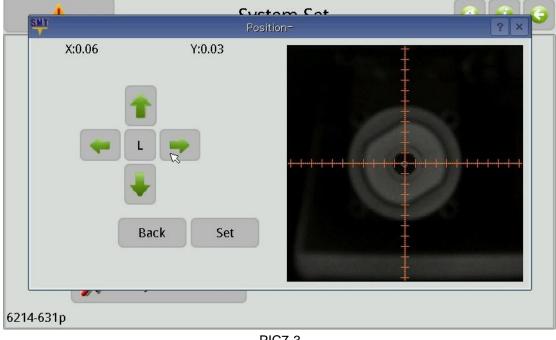


7.1. SYSTEM SET

<u> </u>		System Set		000
Неас	l up camera pos calib		Up Lighteness: 80%	
	Head Pos Calib.		Down Lighteness: 80	%
Va	cuum detection set		Model param set	
√	Use Coder		Backup/restore	
√	Use 3 point to calib.		Save	
×	Use sys. stack offset			
6214-631p				R

PIC7-2

- (1) Up camera position calibrate: when you start you new machine for the first time, you need to calibrate the up camera, it is very important for mounting accuracy.
 Steps as below:
- a) Press it machine open up-looking camera and image as below:

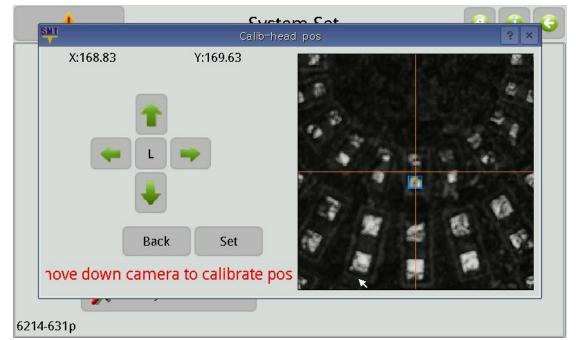


PIC7-3

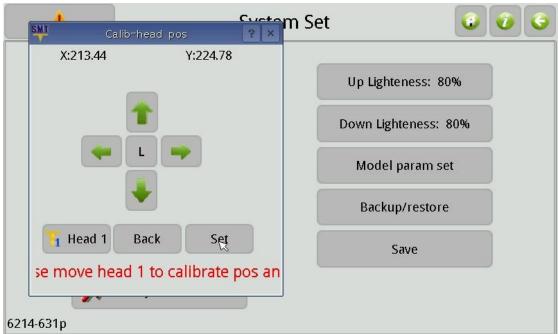
b) Put the black board on the up-looking round camera-----adjust the board's



position------ make the two center points matching ------press set go to next step------machine change to down-looking camera automatically-----next display will show as below:



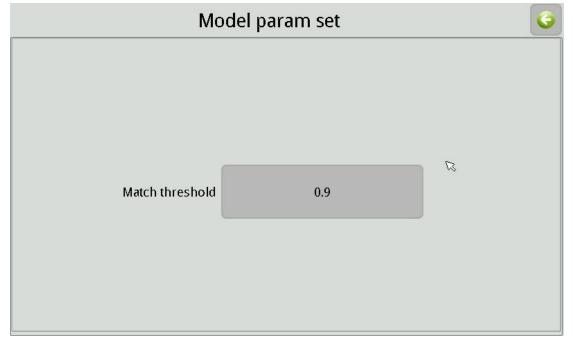
PIC7-4



- c) Press arrow to move the head -----make the down-looking camera match the black board cross check ------ press set ------ calibrate done.
- (2) **Nozzle2 position calibrate:** after set well the nozzle1 position, then set the nozzle2. Aim at the center of the cross.
- (3) Vacuum detection set: (please refer below page 24 for detail)

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- (4) Use system stack offset: if turn on this function, stack offset will be saved in system, different work files all use one same offset. If turn off this function, stack offset will be saved in work file (not system), different work files have different offset information. (Usually we suggest turn off this function)
- (5) **Model parameter set:** press it goes to image as below, it is the setting for Mark2 point auto positioning function. "Model size" is the size of the model, usually you can set as 50-100. "Match area size" is the range of searching target, bigger size, longer searching time. When match area size is smaller than "Match threshold", machine will not detect the mark point, so auto calibrate mark point failure.



PIC7-5

- (6) **TS calibrate (touch screen calibrate):** after calibration, the system will restart.
- (7) Backup/restore
- (8) Save: used to save all system setting. Note: if just changed the setting but not saved, then the setting only valid one time, next time after start machine, the setting will back to the previous setting.

7.2. VACUUM DETECTION SET

Image as below:



<u>^</u>			Vac	uum To	est		0	06
Name	A	P value	Vacuum valu	e Jrrent	<u> </u>			
Head1		0	0	6	Vacuum	1-Suck gas	Vacuum2	-Blow gas
Head2		0	0	16	-			
Head3		0	0	•		D. D.L.	Manual	Diamana
Head4		0	0	16	vacuum.	3-Blow gas	vacuum4	-BIOW gas
Head 1		Head 2	2	Head 3		Head 4		
Head 1 Fhreshold1	1.40	Head 2 Thresho		Head 3 hreshold1	I 1.20	Head 4 Threshold	1 1.20]
(1.40 1.60		ld1 1.40 T					Save

(1) **Vacuum1-Suck gas** Vacuum1-Suck gas: nozzle 1/2 change to suck gas condition, you can use your finger to block the nozzle tip, then you can see

•	Jrrent press	
Ī	24.89	
	23.28	

the changing current pressure. ^{23.28} So that you can check if the vacuum pump in good condition.

(2) Vacuum2-Blow gas Vacuum2-Blow gas: change to nozzle1/2 to

Blow gas condition.

	Name	AP value	Vacuum value	Jrrent press
	MHead1	0	0	24.89
(3)	MHead2	0	0	23.28

Value sheet: AP

value means Atmospheric pressure value, it means nozzle not suck any component. Vacuum value means the value after suck the component minus the AP value, bigger vacuum value, better mounting effect. Note: AP value and vacuum value will display after 1 time normal suction, otherwise the value is 0.

(4) **M head 1/2 threshold 1:** when machine suck component, if detect current vacuum value **smaller** than threshold value1, then machine will judge nozzle not suck the component and it will suck again the component. If vacuum value **bigger** than threshold value1, then continue judge threshold value2.

(5) **M head 1/2 threshold 2:** when machine suck component, if detect current vacuum value smaller threshold value2 (and also bigger than threshold



value1), then machine will detect suction bad, and machine will throw material then suck again. Or else that means suction good, machine will continue mounting.

Note: threshold value1 MUST bigger than the vacuum value when machine at no suction condition; threshold value1 MUST be less than threshold value2. We suggest threshold value1 less than threshold value2 about **0.2**; threshold value2 MUST less than the **current vacuum value** about **0.3**. (Note: Current vacuum value get from 1-3 times good suction)

7.3. BACKUP AND RECOVERY



PIC7-7

- (1) **Backup system set:** backup all the current parameters of system.
- (2) **Restore system set:** restore previous backup parameters, machine will restart after restore.
- (3) **Restore factory set:** restore all the system parameters to factory setting.
- (4) USB Load In / Load Out: Load in all the parameters from USB or load out all the parameters into USB. Note: Just load in the parameters will not change the system parameters, you need to Backup System Set after load in the system parameters, then the system parameters will be valid in machine.

8. FILE MANAGE

Manage the CSV file which generate from PCB software, and also the work file.

<u> </u>	File Ma	anage	0
	Convert File	File Manager	
	File Import	File Export	
		Σ	

PIC8-1

- (1) **File convert:** Machine can not directly use the CSV file from PCB software. You need to convert the CSV file to DPV file which machine can be recognize.
- (2) **File view:** check all the current CSV file and DPV file in system.
- (3) **File Load In / Load Out:** Insert USB flash and load in or load out the CSV or DPV file.

8.1. GENERATE CSV FILE

Running this pnp machine, one way is you can create new file manually, another way is simple, generate the CSV file from your PCB design software, and then load the CSV file into machine convert to DPV file to run. Note: the CSV file must have coordinates, then machine can recognize it.

8.1.1. By Altium Designer

Steps for generate CSV file from Altium Designer software:

 Open existing PCB file, note: same component must have same designator, otherwise one component may occupies more than one material stack, since convert tool identifies different material stack by designator of component;

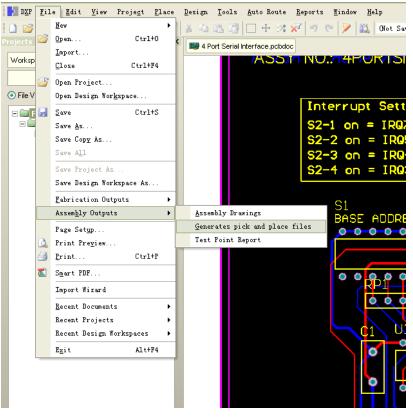


(2) Set PCB origin, figure as below, note, for top layer setting origin in left bottom corner of PCB, for bottom layer setting origin in bottom right corner of PCB and check mirror image option when converting;

DXP File	Edi	it <u>V</u> iew Proje <u>c</u> t	<u>Place</u> <u>D</u> esign	Tools	<u>A</u> uto Route	<u>R</u> eports	<u>W</u> indow	Hel
🗋 😂 🛃 e	49	Nothing to Undo	Ctrl+Z	8.4		× 1 19	<u> </u>	13
Projects	(°	Nothing to Redo	Ctrl+Y		Interface.pcbdo			
Workspace1.D	. *	Cu <u>t</u>	Ctrl+X				7 24	
wontspacer.p		Copy	Ctrl+C		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	_	Copy As Text						
💿 File View 🤇		<u>P</u> aste	Ctrl+V					
🖃 🚞 Free D	0	P <u>a</u> ste Special				Int	erru	pτ
🖃 🚞 Sourc		Clear	Del			S2-	-1 on	=
<u> </u>		<u>S</u> elect	•			S2-	- <mark>2 о</mark> п	=
		D <u>e</u> Select	•			S2-	-3 on	=
		Delete				S2-	- <mark>4 о</mark> п	=
	4	Rub <u>b</u> er Stamp	Ctrl+R					
		C <u>h</u> ange					01	
		Slice Trac <u>k</u> s					S1	ΞA
		Move	•				BASI	
		Align	•					
		Origin	•	🛞 <u>S</u> et				
		<u>J</u> ump	•	<u>R</u> es	et			
	-	Se <u>l</u> ection Memory	•				• •	R
	\mathbb{A}	Build Query	Shift+B					0
	Y	Fi <u>n</u> d Similar Objec	ts Shift+F					
							5	C 1
								0
			PIC8-2					

(3) Image as below, select "File"-"Assembly Output"-"Generates pick and place for files" in menu bar;





PIC8-3

(4) Image as below, select "CSV" and "Metric" in popup dialog box, click "OK" to finish.



PIC8-4

8.2. FILE CONVERT

After generate the CSV file, all of generated CSV files in system are displayed in the list, then convert it to DPV file, picture as below:



		CSV file		00
No.	File name	Size	Date	
1	PP-SX723X-3CH RCO.csv	14052	2021-05-11 15:59:54	
				× *
			🏠 Open 🖹 Delete	

PIC8-5

- (1) **Open:** select the CSV to convert;
- (2) **Delete:** delete selected CSV file.

8.2.1. CSV File

After selected one CSV file, display as below, all the components information included.

		d list	nel list Hea	ents list Pa	st Compone	Station lis	Csv file
le comment	Angle	Layer	y coord	x coord	footprint	Designator	
о ммвтз90	270	Т	122.30 32.89		SOT23-3	Q1A	0
0 MMBT390	270	Т	32.89	81.66	SOT23-3	Q1B	1
0 MMBT390	270	Т	32.89	41.02	SOT23-3	Q1C	2
0 SN74LVC1	360	Т	33.27	36.07	TSOP65P4	U6C	3
0 SN74LVC1	360	Т	33.27	76.71	TSOP65P4	U6B	4
0 SN74LVC1	360	Т	33.27	117.35	TSOP65P4	U6A	5
5.1k 0805	90	Т	37.08	41.40	RESC2012	R10C	6
	90	Т	37.08	82.04	RESC2012	R10B	7
5.1k 0805	90	Т	37.08	122.68	RESC2012	R10A	8

(1) Edit: edit information of selected component;



- (2) **Delete:** delete selected component;
- (3) **Convert set:** Set convert to the top of the device or the underlying device, (the underlying device can set whether mirror or not.)
- (4) **Convert:** Convert CSV file to DPV work file,

8.2.2. Material Stack Station List

Image as below, stack was generated according to the comment of the CSV file. The same comment of components will use the same stack number. Therefore, how many different comments, then how many stacks.

				list	Head	onents list Panel list	t Compo	Station list	Csv file
t 🕨 🦳	Count	Status	Speec	Heigh ⁻	Head	comment	Y offset	X offset 🛛 Y	ack I
	3	6	0	0.50	1	MMBT3906L	0.00	0.00	1
	3	6	0	0.50	1	SN74LVC1G123DCTR	0.00	0.00	2
	6	6	0	0.50	1	5.1k 0805	0.00	0.00	3
	3	6	0	0.50	1	47k 0805	0.00	0.00	4
	3	6	0	0.50	1	4.7uf 0805	0.00	0.00	5
	19	6	0	0.50	1	510r 0805	0.00	0.00	6
	3	6	0	0.50	1	SN74HC14N	0.00	0.00	7
	1	6	0	0.50	1	LM2596S-ADJ	0.00	0.00	8
	21	6	0	0.50	1	0r 0805	0.00	0.00	9

- (1) **Edit:** Edit selected material stack. (Note: all of relevant components will be changed if amend this stack);
- (2) Delete: Delete the selected material stack. (Note: all of relevant components will be delete if delete this stack);
- (3) **Resort ID:** The material stack ID starting from 1 in ascending order;
- (4) Reverse angle: Use this function will make the selected stack of components will rotate 180 degree, all of relevant components will be changed. Some stack with diode will need to use this function.
- (5) **IC Angle compensate:** Compensate IC, rotate 90 degree. Some component need angle compensate, e.g. SOPB, QFN, etc.



8.2.3. Components List

			Con	vert File	PP-	SX7	23X	-3C	H-RCO.csv		0
Csv	file	Statio	n list C	omponents	list	Pan	el list	He	ad list		
Ec ID	Head	tatio	× coord	y coord	Angle	leigh	ipeed	tatu	comment	Designator	
1	1	1	122.30	32.89	-9	0.50	0	6	MMBT3906L	Q1A	~
2	1	1	81.66	32.89	-9	0.50	0	6	MMBT3906L	Q1B	
3	1	1	41.02	32.89	-9	0.50	0	6	MMBT3906L	Q1C	
4	1	2	36.06	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	6	SN74LVC1G1	U6C	
5	1	2	76.70	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	6	SN74LVC1G1	U6B	
6	1	2	117.34	33.27	0.00	0.50	0	6	SN74LVC1G1	U6A	
7	1	3	41.40	37.08	90	0.50	0	6	5.1k 0805	R10C	
8	1	3	82.04	37.08	90	0.50	0	6	5.1k 0805	R10B	
9	1	3	122.68	37.08	90	0.50	0	6	5.1k 0805	R10A	8
7	Edit		Delete	I N Sort ID)					💾 Save	
-						-	0.0				



- (1) Edit: Edit selected component;
- (2) **Delete:** Delete selected component;
- (3) **Resort ID:** The device number starting from 1 in ascending order;
- (4) **Use dual nozzle1:** Use nozzle1 and nozzle2 pick component in same material stack. NOTE: All components must 1,2,1,2... in order.
- (5) **Use dual nozzle2:** Means nozzle1 take component of stack1 and nozzle2 take component of stack2, then placing to two components. (It only can used to near by stacks)

8.2.4. Batch

Batch means same small PCBs joint together into a big PCB, please turn to page 14 for 6.1.4 to know the detail function. Panel list image as below:



4		Conver	t FilePP-	SX723X-	3CH-RC	O.csv	06
Csv file	Station	list Comp	onents list	Panekijst	Head list	×	
No.		X coord	oord Y coord				
1		0.00	0	.00			
							>>
🚺 Edit	D 💦 D	elete 🛱	Add 🧱	Array		8	Save
				PIC8-0			

PIC8-9

8.2.5. XXX

	Conve	rt FilePP-SX723X-3CH-RCO.csv 🥡 🧿
Csv file Sta	tion list Com	ponents list Panel list Head list 💫
Head ID	Nozzle type	
1	502	
2	502	
3	502	
4	502	
📝 Edit		😫 Save

9. LOG LIST

Log list as below, it records all the history of mounting.

A	Log List							
Load time	End time	Work file(B)	Comp. cnt	PCB cnt.				
2016-01-19 10:41:10	2016-01-19 10:44:17	FFFFFFFFFFFFFCop	24	1				
2016-01-19 10:46:26	2016-01-19 10:46:38	SJnew2?504???.dpv	0	0	C			
2016-01-19 10:46:42	2016-01-19 10:47:51	FFFFFFFFFFFFFCop	7	0				
2016-01-19 10:47:53	2016-01-19 10:48:29	FFFFFFFFFFFFF.dpv	0	0				
2016-01-19 10:49:25	2016-01-19 11:03:08	FFFFFFFFFFFFF.dpv	24	1	Sur			
2016-01-19 11:05:18	2016-01-19 11:05:31	FFFFFFFFFFFFF.dpv	6	0				
2016-01-19 11:05:35	2016-01-19 11:05:38	FFFFFFFFFFFFCop	0	0	(
2016-01-19 11:05:59	2016-01-19 11:07:03	FFFFFFFFFFFFFCop	23	1	e			
2016-01-19 11:08:24	2016-01-19 11:10:25	FFFFFFFFFFFFCop	25	1	8			

PIC9-1

- (1) Log list: Each line records information of one running time;
- (2)~ Record: image as below, displays the detail running information:

	SMT				Record	d summ	ary				?		
	Load ti	me 1	6-01-19	10:41:10	Work	file		FFFFFF	FFFFFFC	opy.dpv			
	End tir	ne 🏼 🕅	6-01-19	10:44:17	Comp	onent	count	1	PCB c	ount 24			
20	Stack component count:												
	stack II	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
0	0+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	10+	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0		
0	20+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
۷	60+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	70+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
D	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	90+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
U								1		Ì			
0									OI	<			
0	16-01-19	11:08:2	4 2016	-01-19 11	1:10:25	FFFFFF	FFFFFF	Cop	25	1			



10. SYSTEM LOG

System log used to view all kinds of records generated by the system, image as show below.

		n Logs 🛛 🧕 🕡		
2021-05-12	09:56:00	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:04	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:08	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	\bigcirc
2021-05-12	09:56:11	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:12	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:14	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:21	Alarms	Pcb coordinate not calibrat	
2021-05-12	09:56:22	Other	Stop load work file	
2021-05-12	09:56:39	Other	Load work file	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
2021-05-12	09:57:10	Other	Stop load work file	
4				

PIC11-1

11. MAINTENANCE

- 1. Close power switch and air source after working done, clearing the machine.
- 2. Add some grease to the bearings regularly according to actual condition, make sure machine working in smooth condition.

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12. WARRANTY

- > Warranty range: SMT machine itself;
- Warranty period: 12 months;
- If there are problems in using, please contact us promptly, don't repair by yourself to avoid damage to machine, or will lose your warranty;
- If accessories are breakdown, we will send a new one to you after receiving the broken one;
- During warranty period, freight of send back to us is paid by user, freight of send to user is paid by us;
- > Problems caused by below, we provide paid repair during warranty period:
 - Faulty operation, disassembly without permission;
 - Using environment that do not fit for specification;
 - Wrong power supply;
 - Earthquake, fire, lightning or accident beyond control.



13. CONTACT US

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